Introducing I³CON

The Information Interpretation and Integration Conference



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I³CON: Motivation



- Semantic integration will be one of the first major accomplishments for ontology-based applications
 - Heterogeneous information system and resource Interoperability is a major concern for military, government, industry
 - Many view this as the a fundamental technical challenge of the Semantic Web

- To answer this challenge, there have been new developments in automated ontology and schema:
 - o Markup
 - o Alignment
 - o Merging
 - o Translation
 - o **Learning**
- Much of this research has been funded by DARPA programs, but today the largest sponsors are EU programs

I³CON: Observation



- Semantic integration research community resembles the text retrieval community of 15 years ago
 - O Critical mass of globally distributed research programs
 - Large variety of technical approaches
 - Generally, but not universally, accepted metrics
 - No meaningful basis of evaluating one technical approach over another

- The success of text retrieval technology was due in large measure to the Text Retrieval Conference (TREC)
 - Promoted well-defined concepts for measuring success
 - Clarified metrics
 - Established realistic benchmarks
 - Created canonical challenge problems

The NIST TREC model has a proven record of success!

NIST TREC Model



- 1. Define the metrics
- 2. Develop experiment format for easy participation by researchers
- 3. Create development data sets and test data sets; publish the former
- 4. Distribute test data sets to experiment participants
- 5. Collect automatically generated results data
- 6. Collate and compare results data
- 7. Hold assessment workshop and end of cycle

I³CON: Timeline

- March 2004: Met with NIST, "pilot" conference as PerMIS special session proposed
- March-June 2004:
 - Formed Organizational Committee
 - Recruited participants
 - Created ontology alignment format
 - Developed test ontology pairs
 - May 25: Gave presentation at DAML PI Meeting
- June 15 2004: Released test ontology pairs
- July 16, 2004: Collected alignment results data
- July 16-August 20, 2004: Compiled and analyzed results data
- August 25, 2004: I³CON special session at PerMIS

http://www.atl.lmco.com/projects/ontology/i3con.html



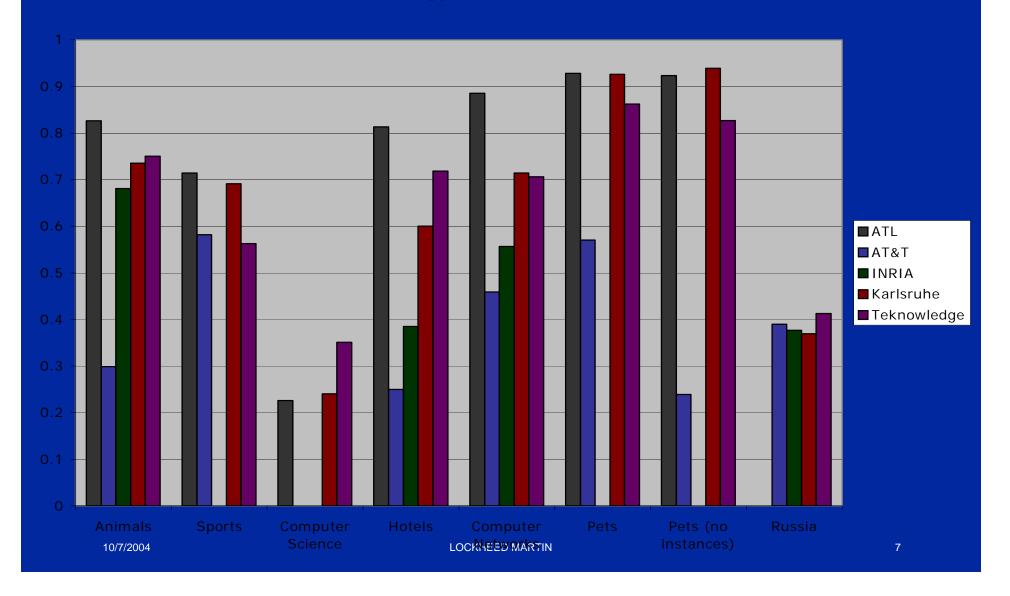
I³CON and the TREC Model

- 1. Define the metrics
- 2. Develop experiment format for easy participation by researchers
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- → Precision, Recall, fMeasure
- →Ontology AlignmentOntology; Experiment SetPlatform
- →2 development ontology pairs; 8 test ontology pairs
- →5 participants
- →Most participants submitted alignment data for all ontology pairs
- →Where we are today



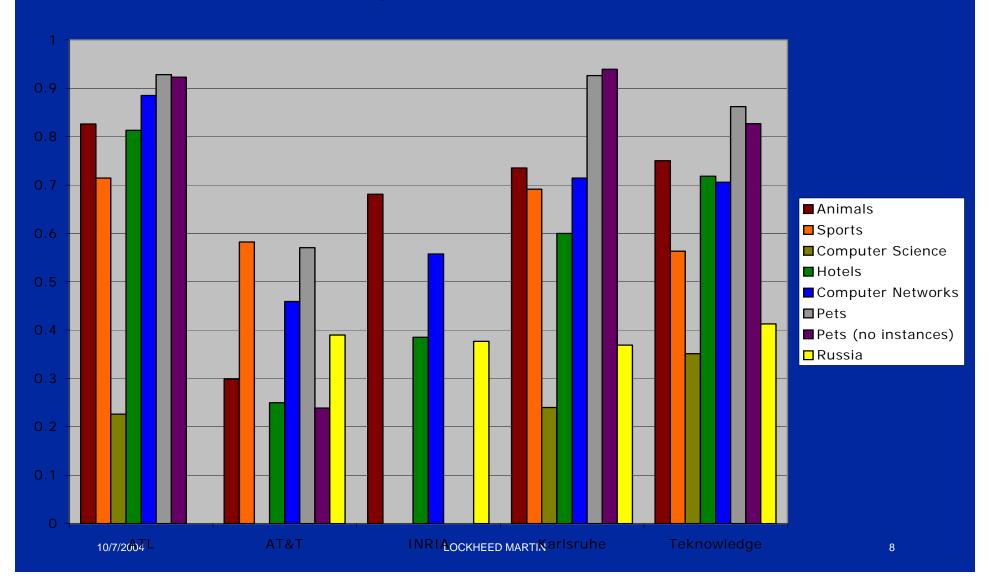
Ontology Pair vs. fMeasure





I³CON: Experiment Results Overview

Organization vs. fMeasure





I³CON Experiment: Lessons Learned

- No single technical approach performed best on all test ontology pairs
- No single ontology pair was best for all technical approaches
- All approaches performed >0.5 fMeasure on at least one ontology pair
- All approaches performed <0.5 fMeasure on at least one ontology pair

There is much more to be learned from the I3CON experiment data.



I³CON: Special Thanks

- Organizational Support
 - Larry Reeker (NIST)
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 - Ben Ashpole (ATL)
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 - Emil Macarie (ATL)
 - Yun Peng (UMBC)
 - Rong Pan (UMBC)
- Experiment Participants
 - Jerome Pierson (INRIA)
 - John Li (Teknowledge)
 - Lewis Hart (AT&T)
 - Marc Ehrig (University of Karlsruhe)

Guest Speakers

- o Bill Andersen (Ontology Works)
- o Mike Pool (Information Extraction and Transport)
- Yun Peng (University of Maryland Baltimore County)
- o Mike Gruningner (University of Maryland)



EON 2004

- Evaluation of Ontology-based Tools 3rd International Workshop
 - http://km.aifb.uni-karlsruhe.de/ws/eon2004/
- Located at the 3rd International Semantic Web Conference (ISWC 2004)
 - November 8, 2004
 - Hiroshima Prince Hotel, Hiroshima, Japan
- EON Ontology Alignment Experiment
 - Provides participants with a complete test base of ontology pairs
 - Test is based on one particular ontology dedicated to a very narrow domain and a number of alternative ontologies of the same domain

